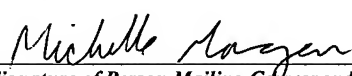


CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10) Applicant(s): KUMAR et al.			Docket No. RLL-277US
Serial No. 10/523,419	Filing Date 01 August 2003	Examiner TBA	Group Art Unit TBA
Invention: STORAGE STABLE TABLETS OF FOSINOPRIL SODIUM			
<p>I hereby certify that the following correspondence:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> Transmission of Priority Document, Certified Copy of Indian Application 814/DEL/2002; Return Postcard </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">(Identify type of correspondence)</p> <p>is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <u>19 May 2005</u> <small>(Date)</small> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <u>Michelle Morgan</u> <small>(Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence)</small>  <small>(Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence)</small> <u>EV 527585579 US</u> <small>("Express Mail" Mailing Label Number)</small> <div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; margin-top: 10px;">EV527585579US</div> </div> </div>			
Note: Each paper must have its own certificate of mailing.			

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: KUMAR *et al.*

U.S. Serial No.: 10/523,419
International Application No.: PCT/IB2003/003113

Group Art Unit: TBA

International Filing Date: 01 August 2003

Examiner: TBA

Title: STORAGE STABLE TABLETS OF FOSINOPRIL SODIUM

Mail Stop PCT
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

TRANSMISSION OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

Applicants transmit herewith a certified copy of Indian Patent Application
No. 814,DEL/2002 filed 02 August 2002 (02.082002) to which priority is claimed herein.

Respectfully submitted,

RANBAXY LABORATORIES LIMITED

By:



Jayadeep R. Deshmukh
Vice President - Intellectual Property

Dated: 19 May 2005

Ranbaxy Inc.
600 College Road East, Suite 2100
Princeton, New Jersey 08540
Tel.: 609-720-5608
Fax: 609-514-9779

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सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
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PATENT OFFICE, DELHI BRANCH
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NEW DELHI - 110 008.



INTELLECTUAL
PROPERTY INDIA

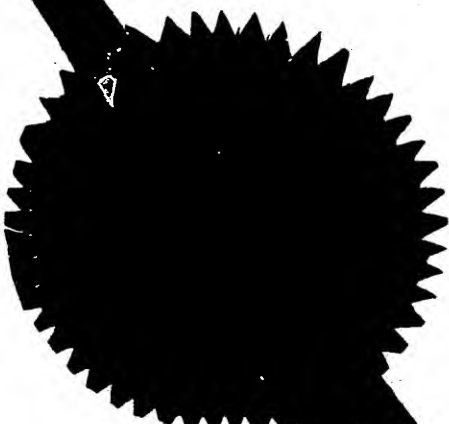
**CERTIFIED COPY OF
PRIORITY DOCUMENT**

*I, the undersigned being an officer duly
authorized in accordance with the provision of the
Patent Act, 1970 hereby certify that annexed hereto is
the true copy of the **Application and Complete
Specification** filed in connection with Application for
Patent No.814/Del/2002 dated 02nd August 2002.*

Witness my hand this 31st day of March 2005.

(S.K. PANGASA)

Assistant Controller of Patents & Designs



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0814-2

02 AUG 2002

FORM 1

THE PATENTS ACT, 1970
(39 of 1970)

APPLICATION FOR GRANT OF A PATENT

(See Sections 7, 54 and 135 and rule 33A)

1. We, **RANBAXY LABORATORIES LIMITED**, a Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 of 19, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019, India
2. hereby declare –
- (a) that we are in possession of an invention titled "**A PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF ~~SOLUBLE~~ STABLE TABLETS OF FOSINOPRIL SODIUM**"
- (b) that the Complete Specification relating to this invention is filed with this application.
- (c) that there is no lawful ground of objection to the grant of a patent to us.
3. Further declare that the inventors for the said invention are
- a. PANANCHUKUNNATH MANOJ KUMAR
 - b. RAJEEV SHANKAR MATHUR
 - c. SANJEEV SETHI
 - d. RAJIV MALIK
- of Ranbaxy Laboratories Limited, Plot No. 20, Sector-18, Udyog Vihar Industrial Area, Gurgaon – 122001 (Haryana), India, all Indian Nationals.
4. That we are the assignee or legal representatives of the true and first inventors.
5. That our address for service in India is as follows:

DR. B. VIJAYARAGHAVAN

Associate Director – Intellectual Property

Ranbaxy Laboratories Limited

Plot No.20, Sector – 18,

Udyog Vihar Industrial Area,

Gurgaon – 122001 (Haryana).

INDIA.

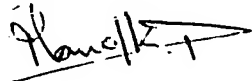
Tel. No. (91-124) 6343126, 6342001 – 10; 8912501-10

Fax No. (91-124) 6342027

6. Following declaration was given by the inventors in the convention country:

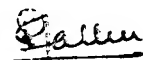
We, PANANCHUKUNNATH MANOJ KUMAR, RAJEEV SHANKAR MATHUR, SANJEEV SETHI, RAJIV MALIK of Ranbaxy Laboratories Limited, Plot No. 20, Sector - 18, Udyog Vihar Industrial Area, Gurgaon-122001 (Haryana), India, all Indian Nationals, the true and first inventors for this invention in the convention country declare that the applicants herein, **Ranbaxy Laboratories Limited**, 19, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019, India, is our assignee or legal representatives.

a.



(PANANCHUKUNNATH MANOJ KUMAR)

b.



(RAJEEV SHANKAR MATHUR)

c.



(SANJEEV SETHI)

d.



(RAJIV MALIK)

7. That to the best of our knowledge, information and belief the fact and matters stated herein are correct and that there is no lawful ground of objection to the grant of patent to us on this application.

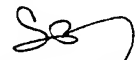
8. Followings are the attachment with the application:

- a. Complete Specification (3 copies)
- b. Drawings (3 copies)
- c. Statement and Undertaking on FORM - 3
- d. Fee-Rs.5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand only..) in cheque bearing No. 683405 dated 20.07.2002 on ANZ Grindlays Bank, New Delhi.

We request that a patent may be granted to us for the said invention.

Dated this 2ND day of AUGUST, 2002.

For Ranbaxy Laboratories Limited



(SUSHIL KUMAR PATAWARI)
Company Secretary

Duplicate
as accepted

FORM - 2

THE PATENTS ACT, 1970

COMPLETE
SPECIFICATION

SECTION 10

The following specification particularly described and ascertain the nature of this invention and the manner in which it is to be performed :-

The present invention relates to a process for the preparation of stable tablets of fosinopril sodium with or without diuretic(s).

Fosinopril sodium is an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor. Fosinopril sodium alone or in combination with thiazide diuretics is indicated for the treatment of hypertension. Fosinopril sodium is also used as an adjunctive therapy when added to conventional therapy including diuretics with or without digitalis for the management of heart failure.

Fosinopril sodium has low bulk density, poor flow property and sticking tendency to metal surfaces. Combination of such characteristics makes processing of tablets highly problematic, demanding the incorporation of suitable lubricants and glidants in the formulation. Added to these, the hydrolytic nature of fosinopril sodium further complicates the selection of other inert pharmaceutical excipients, particularly lubricants.

Conventional fosinopril sodium tablets were prepared using magnesium stearate as lubricant. However, these tablets were highly moisture sensitive and only marginally stable. Therefore, in order to achieve reasonable shelf lives, these required sophisticated protective packaging.

United States Patent Number 5,006,344 discloses that by eliminating magnesium stearate as the lubricant during the tableting of fosinopril sodium and instead employing either sodium stearyl fumarate or hydrogenated vegetable oil tablets with improved stability were obtained.

In the present invention, we have discovered that use of talc in combination with colloidal silicon dioxide as lubricant during the tableting process, surprisingly increase the stability of the tablet and provide reasonably long shelf lives.

Therefore, the present invention relates to process for preparation of stable tablet by wet or dry granulation or direct compression as herein described comprising fosinopril sodium alone or in combination with a diuretic as herein described, and other pharmaceutically acceptable excipients selected from a group consisting of lubricant, diluent, disintegrant, binder, coloring and flavoring agent as herein described wherein

the lubricant is a combination of talc and colloidal silicon dioxide in a concentration range of 0.25-5% w/w and 0.25 to 10% w/w of the tablet respectively.

Conventionally colloidal silicon dioxide and talc are used as glidants but to our surprise the combination of two showed excellent lubricant properties. The tablets thus prepared by the process of the present invention had improved shelf stability. Colloidal silicon dioxide or talc used individually in higher concentrations may also provide proper lubrication during processing of tablets and stability during storage. However, higher concentrations of lubricant would increase the tablet weight and may also exceed the permissible daily intake. Further, higher concentration of lubricant may also hamper the bioavailability of drug from the tablets. The combination of colloidal silicon dioxide and talc on the other hand has synergistic action and is therefore effective in reasonably low amounts. When used in combination the amount of talc may vary from about 0.25% to about 5% by weight, whereas that of colloidal silicon dioxide may vary from about 0.25% to about 10% by weight with respect to the total weight of tablet.

Present invention is further evident from the stability results generated at 40°C and 75% relative humidity over a time period of three months and at 60°C for one week (Table 1 & 2).

For the purpose of the present invention the tablets may contain fosinopril sodium alone or in combination with diuretics. Suitable diuretics include chlorthalidone, thiazide diuretics, furosemide, triameterene, amiloride, spironolactone, and salts thereof. Thiazide diuretics may be selected from the group consisting of bendroflumethazide, benzthiazide, bendroflumethiazide, chlorothiazide, hydrochlorothiazide, hydroflumethiazide, methylclothiazide, polythiazide, trichlormethiazide, chlorthalidone, indapamide, metolazone and quinethazone.

In addition to the actives (fosinopril sodium and optional diuretic), lubricants (talc and colloidal silicon dioxide), tablets prepared according to present invention may contain other pharmaceutically acceptable excipients such as diluents, disintegrants, binders, coloring agents and flavoring agents.

Diluents of the present invention may be selected from calcium carbonate, calcium phosphate-dibasic, calcium phosphate-tribasic, calcium sulfate, cellulose-

microcrystalline, cellulose powdered, dextrans, dextrates, dextrose excipients, fructose, kaolin, lactitol, lactose, mannitol, sorbitol, starch, starch pregelatinized, sucrose, sugar compressible, sugar confectioners and mixtures thereof.

Binders of the present invention may be selected from methyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, gelatin, gum arabic, ethyl cellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, pullulan, pregelatinized starch, agar, tragacanth, sodium alginate, propylene glycol, alginate and the like.

Disintegrant of the present invention may be selected from low substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, calcium carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, croscarmellose sodium A-type (Ac-di-sol), starch, crystalline cellulose, hydroxypropyl starch, partly pregelatinized starch and the like.

Coloring agents and flavoring agents may be selected from any FDA approved color and flavor which are compatible with all the other ingredients of the tablet.

The fosinopril sodium tablets of this invention can be prepared by conventional tablet making techniques such as wet granulation, dry granulation and direct compression.

For the wet granulation process, the fosinopril sodium alone or in combination with diuretics are blended with the diluent and disintegrant. This blend is then granulated with a solution of the binder in a solvent. The granules are then dried and sieved. The dried granules are mixed with talc and colloidal silicon dioxide and compressed into tablets.

In the direct compression process, the fosinopril sodium alone or in combination with diuretics is blended with the diluent, disintegrant and binder. The blend is then mixed with talc and colloidal silicon dioxide and compressed into tablets.

For dry granulation process, fosinopril sodium alone or in combination with diuretics is blended with diluent, binder and disintegrant and compressed to form slugs. These slugs are milled to form granules. These granules are then mixed with talc and colloidal silicon dioxide and compressed into tablets.

The invention is further illustrated by the following examples but they should not be construed as limiting the scope of the invention anyway.

Example 1

Ingredients	mg/tab
Fosinopril Sodium	40.0
Anhydrous Lactose	90.0
Microcrystalline cellulose	40.0
Crospovidone	7.0
Povidone	10.0
Colloidal silicon dioxide	5.0
Talc	8.0
Isopropyl Alcohol	qs

Process:

1. Fosinopril sodium is blended with lactose, microcrystalline cellulose and a part of crospovidone.
2. The above blend is granulated with povidone solution in isopropyl alcohol.
3. The granules were dried at 60°C.
4. The dried granules were sieved and blended with crospovidone, talc and colloidal silicon dioxide and compressed into tablets.

Example 2

Ingredients	mg/tab
Fosinopril Sodium	20.0
Hydrochlorthiazide	12.5
Lactose Anhydrous	32.5
Microcrystalline cellulose	20.0
Crospovidone	3.5
Povidone	5.0
Colloidal silicon dioxide	2.5
Talc	4.0
Isopropyl Alcohol	qs

Process: Same as for Example-1

Example 3

Ingredients	mg/tab
Fosinopril Sodium	20.0
Hydrochlorthiazide	12.5
Lactose Anhydrous	97.5
Microcrystalline cellulose	40.0
Crospovidone	7.0
Povidone	10.0
Colloidal silicon dioxide	5.0
Talc	8.0
Isopropyl Alcohol	qs

Process: Same as for Example-1

Fosinopril tablets prepared as per Example-1 were tested for the initial amount of fosinopril sodium using HPLC. These samples were then kept at 40°C and 75% relative humidity for three months and at 60°C for one week. Amount of fosinopril at the end of first, second and third month was measured.

Table-1 Stability results generated at 40°C and 75% relative humidity over a time period of three months.

Tablets	Amount of Fosinopril sodium (mg)			
	Initial (mg)	After 1 month at 40°C and 75% relative humidity	After 2 month at 40°C and 75% relative humidity	After 3 month at 40°C and 75% relative humidity
Fosinopril tablets prepared as per the Example-1	40	39.69	39.98	39.23
" MONOPRIL" Commercially available fosinopril sodium tablets (strength- 40 mg) of BRISTOL MYERS SQUIBB	40.01	-	-	39.95

Table-2 Stability results generated at 60°C for one week

Tablets	Amount of Fosinopril sodium (mg)	
	Initial	After one week at 60° C
Fosinopril tablets prepared as per the Example-1	40.01	39.95
" MONOPRIL" Commercially available fosinopril sodium tablets (strength- 40 mg)of BRISTOL MYERS SQUIBB	40.01	39.79

WE CLAIM :

1. A process for preparation of stable tablet by wet or dry granulation or direct compression as herein described comprising fosinopril sodium alone or in combination with a diuretic as herein described, and other pharmaceutically acceptable excipients selected from a group consisting of lubricant, diluent, disintegrant, binder, coloring and flavoring agent as herein described wherein the lubricant is a combination of talc and colloidal silicon dioxide in a concentration range of 0.25-5% w/w and 0.25 to 10% w/w of the tablet respectively.
2. The process according to claim 1 wherein the diuretics may be selected from chlorthalidone, thiazide diuretics, furosemide, triameterene, amiloride, spironolactone, and salts thereof.
3. The process according to claim 2 wherein the thiazide diuretic are selected from the group consisting of bendroflumethiazide, benzthiazide, bendroflumethiazide, chlorothiazide, hydrochlorothiazide, hydroflumethiazide, methylclothiazide, polythiazide, trichlormethiazide, chlorthalidone, indapamide, metolazone and quinethazone.
4. The process according to claim 3 wherein the thiazide diuretic is hydrochlorothiazide.
5. The process according to claim 1 wherein the diluent may be selected from group consisting of calcium carbonate, calcium phosphate-dibasic, calcium phosphate-tribasic, calcium sulfate, cellulose-microcrystalline, cellulose powdered, dextrates, dextrans, dextrose excipients, fructose, kaolin, lactitol, lactose, mannitol, sorbitol, starch, starch pregelatinized, sucrose, sugar compressible, sugar confectioners and the like.
6. The process according to claim 5 wherein the diluent is lactose.
7. The process according to claim 1 wherein the binder may be selected from methyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, gelatin, gum arabic, ethyl cellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, pullulan,

pregelatinized starch, agar, tragacanth, sodium alginate, propylene glycol, alginate and the like.

8. The process according to claim 7 wherein the binder is povidone.
9. The process according to claim 1 wherein the disintegrant may be selected from low substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, calcium carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, croscarmellose sodium, starch, crystalline cellulose, hydroxypropyl starch, partly pregelatinized starch and the like.
10. The process according to claim 9 wherein the disintegrant is croscarmellose sodium.
11. A process for preparation of stable tablet comprising fosinopril sodium as described and illustrated by the examples herein.

Dated this 2ND day of **AUGUST, 2002.**

For Ranbaxy Laboratories Limited


(SUSHIL KUMAR PATAWARI)
Company Secretary

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